

REID  
Appl. No. 10/567,456  
December 11, 2008  
Atty. Ref.: 620-415  
AMENDMENT

**AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:**

Please amend the specification as follows:

Page 9, after line 2, please add the following new paragraph:

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Original) An electro-acoustic device for creating patterns of particulate matter, the device comprising a housing one end of which is closed and the other end of which is open, a diaphragm extending across the housing at or adjacent the open end of the housing to define and close a hollow interior to the housing, a mass of particulate matter located on the diaphragm, and, within the hollow interior of the housing, an electro-acoustic transducer, the arrangement being such that, in use with the diaphragm extending horizontally and on activation of the transducer by an audio signal, the acoustic output therefrom excites the diaphragm and creates a pattern in the particulate matter thereon indicative of the audio signal.

2. (Currently Amended) An electro-acoustic device for creating patterns of particulate matter, the device comprising a housing one end of which is closed and the other end of which is open, a diaphragm extending across the housing at or adjacent the open end of the housing to define and close a hollow interior to the housing, a mass of particulate matter located on the diaphragm, and, within the hollow interior of the housing, an electro-acoustic transducer, the arrangement being such that, in use with the diaphragm extending horizontally and on activation of the transducer by an audio signal, the acoustic output therefrom excites the diaphragm and creates a pattern in the particulate matter thereon indicative of the audio signal.

~~A device as claimed in claim 1 in which~~ the upper end of the housing ~~[[is]]being~~  
closed by a transparent window overlying the diaphragm and through which the patterns  
in the particulate matter can be viewed.

3. (Original) A device as claimed in claim 2 in which the housing is mounted in  
an outer enclosure.

4. (Original) A device as claimed in claim 3 in which the volume of air between  
the housing and the outer enclosure is totally or partially evacuated.

5. (Original) A device as claimed in claim 4 in which elasticated suspension  
means react between the housing and the outer enclosure to suspend the housing  
within the outer enclosure.

6. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 1 in which the  
diaphragm comprises a tensioned sheet of elastic material extending across the  
housing.

7. (Original) A device as claimed in claim 6 in which the tension in the sheet is  
adjustable.

8. (Original) A device as claimed in claim 7, including tensioning means for  
tensioning and tuning the diaphragm.

Claim 9. (Canceled)

10. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 1 in which the  
particulate matter is sized to between 250 and 1000 microns.

11. (Original) A device as claimed in claim 10 in which the particulate matter is  
crushed quartz crystal.

12. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 1 in which the electro-acoustic transducer is a loudspeaker located coaxially within the housing with its acoustic output directed towards the underside of the diaphragm.

13. (Currently Amended) An electro-acoustic device for creating patterns of particulate matter, the device comprising a housing one end of which is closed and the other end of which is open, a diaphragm extending across the housing at or adjacent the open end of the housing to define and close a hollow interior to the housing, a mass of particulate matter located on the diaphragm, and, within the hollow interior of the housing, an electro-acoustic transducer, the arrangement being such that, in use with the diaphragm extending horizontally and on activation of the transducer by an audio signal, the acoustic output therefrom excites the diaphragm and creates a pattern in the particulate matter thereon indicative of the audio signal,

~~A device as claimed in claim 1 in which the housing incorporate~~ing a waveguide arranged to allow the acoustic output from the electro-acoustic transducer to be incident upon the upper or lower surface of the diaphragm.

14. (Original) A device as claimed in claim 13 and further comprising means for projecting the patterns in the particulate matter onto a viewing panel external of the housing.

15. (Original) A device as claimed in claim 14 in which the means for projecting the pattern comprise a source of light within the hollow interior of the housing, a flat fresnel lens below the diaphragm, and a focusing lens above the diaphragm, the diaphragm being transparent.

16. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 1 and including a video camera located above the diaphragm and arranged to transmit signals to a remote viewing location whereby the patterns in the particulate matter can be viewed at said location.

17. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 1 including means whereby moving images of modal patterns, representative of a recorded sound track, may be viewed in synchronism with the sound track.

Claim 18. (Canceled)

Claim 19. (Canceled)

Claim 20. (Canceled)

21. (new) A device as claimed in claim 2 in which the diaphragm comprises a tensioned sheet of elastic material extending across the housing.

22. (new) A device as claimed in claim 21 in which the tension in the sheet is adjustable.

23. (new) A device as claimed in claim 22, including tensioning means for tensioning and tuning the diaphragm.

24. (new) An electro-acoustic device for creating patterns of particulate matter, the device comprising a housing one end of which is closed and the other end of which is open, a diaphragm extending across the housing at or adjacent the open end of the housing to define and close a hollow interior to the housing, a mass of particulate matter located on the diaphragm, and, within the hollow interior of the housing, an electro-acoustic transducer, the arrangement being such that, in use with the diaphragm

extending horizontally and on activation of the transducer by an audio signal, the acoustic output therefrom excites the diaphragm and creates a pattern in the particulate matter thereon indicative of the audio signal,

the diaphragm comprising an adjustable tensioned sheet of elastic material extending across the housing,

said device further comprising a plurality of tensioning devices spaced equally around the periphery of the diaphragm for tensioning and tuning the diaphragm.

25. (new) A device as claimed in claim 2 in which the particulate matter is sized to between 250 and 1000 microns.

26. (new) A device as claimed in claim 33 in which the particulate matter is sized to between 250 and 1000 microns.

27. (new) A device as claimed in claim 25 in which the particulate matter is crushed quartz crystal.

28. (new) A device as claimed in claim 26 in which the particulate matter is crushed quartz crystal.

29. (new) A device as claimed in claim 2 in which the electro-acoustic transducer is a loudspeaker located coaxially within the housing with its acoustic output directed towards the underside of the diaphragm.

30. (new) A device as claimed in claim 33 in which the electro-acoustic transducer is a loudspeaker located coaxially within the housing with its acoustic output directed towards the underside of the diaphragm.

31. (new) A device as claimed in claim 2 including means whereby moving images of modal patterns, representative of a recorded sound track, may be viewed in synchronism with the sound track.

32. (new) A device as claimed in claim 33 including means whereby moving images of modal patterns, representative of a recorded sound track, may be viewed in synchronism with the sound track.

33. (new) An electro-acoustic device for creating patterns of particulate matter, the device comprising a housing one end of which is closed and the other end of which is open, a diaphragm extending across the housing at or adjacent the open end of the housing to define and close a hollow interior to the housing, a mass of particulate matter located on the diaphragm, and, within the hollow interior of the housing, an electro-acoustic transducer, the arrangement being such that, in use with the diaphragm extending horizontally and on activation of the transducer by an audio signal, the acoustic output therefrom excites the diaphragm and creates a pattern in the particulate matter thereon indicative of the audio signal,

said device further including means whereby individual computer-stored modal patterns, may be accessed from memory in real time and viewed as moving modal patterns, on a visual display, representative of and in synchronism with the sound track.

34. (new) An electro-acoustic device for creating patterns of particulate matter, the device comprising a housing one end of which is closed and the other end of which is open, a diaphragm extending across the housing at or adjacent the open end of the housing to define and close a hollow interior to the housing, a mass of particulate matter

located on the diaphragm, and, within the hollow interior of the housing, an electro-acoustic transducer, the arrangement being such that, in use with the diaphragm extending horizontally and on activation of the transducer by an audio signal, the acoustic output therefrom excites the diaphragm and creates a pattern in the particulate matter thereon indicative of the audio signal,

said device further comprising means whereby moving images of computer-stored modal patterns, representative of a live sound performance, may be viewed in real time, during progress of the performance.

35. (new) A method of tuning an electro-acoustic device for creating patterns of particulate matter, the device comprising a housing one end of which is closed and the other end of which is open, a diaphragm extending across the housing at or adjacent the open end of the housing to define and close a hollow interior to the housing, a mass of particulate matter located on the diaphragm, and, within the hollow interior of the housing, an electro-acoustic transducer, the arrangement being such that, in use with the diaphragm extending horizontally and on activation of the transducer by an audio signal, the acoustic output therefrom excites the diaphragm and creates a pattern in the particulate matter thereon indicative of the audio signal,

which method includes the steps of applying a tuning audio signal to the diaphragm, and adjusting the tensioning means so that the pattern formed on the diaphragm matches a predetermined tuning pattern associated with the tuning audio signal.